# SHORT REPORT Open Access



# Incidence and costs of injuries to children and adults in the United States

Mark R. Zonfrillo<sup>1,4\*</sup>, Rebecca S. Spicer<sup>2</sup>, Bruce A. Lawrence<sup>2</sup> and Ted R. Miller<sup>2,3</sup>

#### **Abstract**

**Background:** Injuries are a leading cause of death and acquired disability, and result in significant medical spending. Prior estimates of injury-related cost have been limited by older data, for certain population, or specific mechanisms

**Findings:** This study estimated the incidence of hospital-treated nonfatal injuries in the United States (US) in 2013 and the related comprehensive costs. Injury-related emergency department (ED) visits and hospitalizations were identified using 2013 Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) data. Models estimated the costs of medical spending and lost future work due to injuries in 2013 U.S. dollars. A total of 31,038,072 nonfatal injury-related hospitalizations and ED visits were identified, representing 9.8 per 100 people. Hospital-treated nonfatal injuries cost an estimated \$1.853 trillion, including \$168 billion in medical spending, \$223 billion in work losses, and \$1.461 trillion in quality of life losses.

**Conclusions:** Approximately one in 10 individuals in the US is treated in the hospital for injury each year, with high corresponding costs. These data support priority-setting to reduce the injury burden in the US.

#### **Background**

Injuries are a leading cause of death and acquired disability in children and adults, and result in significant medical spending nationwide. Prior estimates of injury-related cost have been from much older data (Danseco et al. 2000; Miller et al. 2000; Corso et al. 2006), for certain populations (e.g., children (Miller et al. 2000; Zaloshnja et al. 2012; Roy et al. 2008), Medicaid recipients (Roy et al. 2008)), for certain mechanisms (e.g., consumer products (Lawrence and Miller, 2014), agricultural (Zaloshnja et al. 2012)), or for cost totals that only include medical care (Dieleman et al. 2016). This study provides contemporary national estimates of the incidence of hospital-treated nonfatal injuries for children and adults in the United States in 2013 and the related comprehensive costs by age, household income, payer, metropolitan residence, disposition, injury severity score, injury mechanism and injury intent. While incidence describes the magnitude of the problem, costs provide a better measure of burden by accounting for

multiple injury consequences – e.g., severity, disability – in a single unit of measurement.

#### **Methods**

Injury-related emergency department (ED) visits and hospitalizations were identified using 2013 Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) sample-based ED (Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), n.d.) and inpatient (Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)a, n.d.) datasets. This study used deidentified administrative data and was exempt from review by our institution. Injuries were defined as diagnoses 800–995 in the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, excluding late effects, 905–909. We used the standard external-cause matrix from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), n.d.-a; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), n.d.-b).

We applied an established US injury cost model to the HCUP datasets to estimate the costs of injuries in 2013 U.S. dollars (Lawrence et al. 2015; Spicer et al. 2011). The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) weights HCUP Nationwide Emergency Department Sample (NEDS) and Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS) data to provide national estimates. 2014 NEDS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Department of Emergency Medicine, Alpert Medical School at Brown University, 55 Claverick St., 2nd floor, Providence, RI 02903, USA Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



<sup>\*</sup> Correspondence: zonfrillo@brown.edu

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Hasbro Children's Hospital and Alpert Medical School of Brown University, Providence, RI, USA

estimates are based on sampling non-admitted cases from all EDs in 34 states. 2014 NIS estimates are based on a one-in-five random sample of inpatient discharges from every hospital in 44 states and the District of Columbia. (Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

(AHRQ), n.d. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)a, n.d.).

Costs include medical spending and lost future work. In addition, we take a societal perspective by including the estimated value of lost quality of life. Medicalspending

**Table 1** Cost of Hospital-Treated Nonfatal Injuries in the United States, 2013 (2013 United States \$)

	Number	Medical	Work Loss	Quality of Life	Total Cost	Total Cost per Injury
All	31,038,072	\$167,968,253,878	\$223,116,101,911	\$1,461,482,900,000	\$1,852,567,255,789	\$59,687
Age Group						
< 1	261,308	\$1,432,470,125	\$1,789,973,631	\$22,287,154,385	\$25,509,598,141	\$97,623
1–11	4,447,463	\$12,032,484,055	\$18,626,763,126	\$181,322,230,105	\$211,981,477,286	\$47,663
12–17	2,823,241	\$8,816,169,603	\$13,443,289,763	\$145,256,948,411	\$167,516,407,777	\$59,335
18–24	3,773,148	\$13,600,427,953	\$23,698,584,864	\$186,399,030,940	\$223,698,043,757	\$59,287
25–34	4,442,848	\$17,457,020,563	\$36,742,723,349	\$205,840,515,715	\$260,040,259,627	\$58,530
35–44	3,711,266	\$15,005,365,402	\$34,704,621,851	\$150,463,641,515	\$200,173,628,768	\$53,937
45–64	6,458,720	\$40,319,428,609	\$65,703,484,682	\$314,280,411,223	\$420,303,324,514	\$65,075
65+	4,800,513	\$59,285,698,881	\$28,387,430,398	\$255,529,916,815	\$343,203,046,094	\$71,493
Household Income Quartile						
0-25th percentile	9,572,854	\$47,498,738,599	\$67,315,490,069	\$419,419,736,702	\$534,233,965,370	\$55,807
26th-50th percentile	8,347,113	\$43,448,674,708	\$57,933,681,503	\$380,949,318,832	\$482,331,675,043	\$57,784
31st-75th percentile	6,923,897	\$39,294,070,461	\$50,758,794,647	\$339,582,090,153	\$429,634,955,261	\$62,051
76th-100th percentile	5,533,774	\$33,659,639,931	\$40,997,146,789	\$284,762,942,717	\$359,419,729,437	\$64,950
Payer						
Medicare	5,599,892	\$62,116,899,402	\$40,517,276,172	\$297,763,145,616	\$400,397,321,190	\$71,501
Medicaid	7,429,391	\$29,171,568,219	\$45,103,953,532	\$314,054,136,094	\$388,329,657,845	\$52,269
Other	15,231,785	\$64,317,973,204	\$113,654,085,383	\$712,228,646,085	\$890,200,704,672	\$58,444
Private/Commercial/PPO/HMO	2,776,540	\$12,348,412,934	\$23,823,408,746	\$137,372,720,655	\$173,544,542,335	\$62,504
Rural/Urban						
Urban	24,549,308	\$134,880,605,547	\$179,608,748,796	\$1,164,443,500,000	\$1,478,932,854,343	\$60,243
Rural	6,292,866	\$31,930,196,077	\$41,617,835,131	\$286,073,751,174	\$359,621,782,382	\$57,148
Disposition						
Treated and Released	28,387,504	\$66,949,530,984	\$86,132,322,982	\$788,923,246,256	\$942,005,100,222	\$33,184
Admitted	2,650,568	\$101,018,722,894	\$136,983,778,930	\$672,559,644,444	\$910,562,146,268	\$343,535
Injury Severity Score (ISS)						
0	4,007,518	\$23,294,466,781	\$9,224,703,223	\$78,422,515,363	\$110,941,685,367	\$27,683
< 5	23,472,855	\$81,231,767,072	\$125,971,348,386	\$797,810,907,004	\$1,005,014,022,462	\$42,816
5–14	1,533,316	\$31,204,880,868	\$36,049,311,657	\$287,923,572,318	\$355,177,764,843	\$231,640
<u>&gt;</u> 15	2,024,383	\$32,237,139,158	\$51,870,738,645	\$297,325,896,016	\$381,433,773,819	\$188,420
Region						
Northeast	486,635	\$18,095,855,894	\$24,090,562,684	\$119,160,902,927	\$161,347,321,505	\$331,557
Midwest	601,215	\$21,715,142,226	\$29,756,502,527	\$144,768,266,911	\$196,239,911,664	\$326,406
South	1,027,654	\$36,344,852,910	\$52,530,343,991	\$258,276,688,480	\$347,151,885,381	\$337,810
West	535,064	\$24,862,871,864	\$30,606,369,728	\$150,353,786,126	\$205,823,027,718	\$384,670
Hospital Type						
Nonteaching	11,451,866	\$26,985,059,893	\$34,347,299,866	\$311,700,719,574	\$373,033,079,333	\$32,574
Teaching	11,244,316	\$26,914,053,295	\$35,054,247,432	\$316,475,541,375	\$378,443,842,102	\$33,656

 Table 2 Cost of Hospital-Treated Nonfatal Injuries in the United States by Mechanism, 2013 (2013 United States \$)

Drowning/submersion         9762         \$167,756,380         \$585,909,962         \$2,699,855,258         \$3,453,521,600         \$3           Fall         8,810,752         \$64,201,479,065         \$72,918,304,289         \$505,230,956,245         \$642,350,739,599         \$7           Fire/flame         80,131         \$754,650,203         \$728,172,630         \$5,538,602,465         \$7,021,425,298         \$8           Hot object/substance         292,856         \$988,725,136         \$1,708,949,240         \$12,359,395,079         \$15,057,069,455         \$5           Firearm         35,858         \$358,159,858         \$703,471,847         \$2,983,640,338         \$4,045,272,043         \$1           MxT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other	otal Cost per Injury
Drowning/submersion         9762         \$167,756,380         \$585,909,962         \$2,699,855,258         \$3,453,521,600         \$3           Fall         8,810,752         \$64,201,479,065         \$72,918,304,289         \$505,230,956,245         \$642,350,739,599         \$7           Fire/flame         80,131         \$754,650,203         \$728,172,630         \$5,538,602,465         \$7,021,425,298         \$8           Hot object/substance         292,856         \$988,725,136         \$1,708,949,240         \$12,359,395,079         \$15,057,069,455         \$5           Firearm         35,858         \$358,159,858         \$703,471,847         \$2,983,640,338         \$4,045,272,043         \$1           MxT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	
Fall         8,810,752         \$64,201,479,065         \$72,918,304,289         \$505,230,956,245         \$642,350,739,599         \$7           Fire/flame         80,131         \$754,650,203         \$728,172,630         \$5,538,602,465         \$7,021,425,298         \$8           Hot object/substance         292,856         \$988,725,136         \$1,708,949,240         \$12,359,395,079         \$15,057,069,455         \$5           Firearm         35,858         \$358,159,858         \$703,471,847         \$2,983,640,338         \$4,045,272,043         \$1           MAchinery         113,545         \$544,119,276         \$1,846,062,780         \$10,644,611,515         \$13,034,793,571         \$1           MVT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Dedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified <td>19,269</td>	19,269
Fire/flame         80,131         \$754,650,203         \$728,172,630         \$5,538,602,465         \$7,021,425,298         \$8           Hot object/substance         292,856         \$988,725,136         \$1,708,949,240         \$12,359,395,079         \$15,057,069,455         \$5           Firearm         35,858         \$358,159,858         \$703,471,847         \$2,983,640,338         \$4,045,272,043         \$1           Machinery         113,545         \$544,119,276         \$1,846,062,780         \$10,644,611,515         \$13,034,793,571         \$1           MVT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other	353,773
Hot object/substance 292,856 \$988,725,136 \$1,708,949,240 \$12,359,395,079 \$15,057,069,455 \$5  Firearm 35,858 \$358,159,858 \$703,471,847 \$2,983,640,338 \$4,045,272,043 \$1  Machinery 113,545 \$544,119,276 \$1,846,062,780 \$10,644,611,515 \$13,034,793,571 \$1  MVT Occupant 2,498,200 \$13,763,057,426 \$22,257,235,570 \$97,781,307,804 \$133,801,600,800 \$5  MVT Motorcyclist 157,995 \$2,736,135,308 \$5,580,436,675 \$21,245,276,186 \$29,561,848,169 \$1  MVT Pedal cyclist 53,983 \$527,900,384 \$1,123,476,662 \$5,165,720,968 \$6,817,098,014 \$1  MVT Pedestrian 137,296 \$2,181,788,505 \$3,548,142,901 \$16,715,035,234 \$22,444,966,640 \$1  MVT Unspecified 219,970 \$1,053,152,143 \$1,820,906,676 \$9,972,036,013 \$12,846,094,832 \$5  MVT Other 17,891 \$111,877,667 \$248,974,328 \$1,464,181,060 \$1,825,033,055 \$1	72,905
Firearm         35,858         \$358,159,858         \$703,471,847         \$2,983,640,338         \$4,045,272,043         \$1           Machinery         113,545         \$544,119,276         \$1,846,062,780         \$10,644,611,515         \$13,034,793,571         \$1           MVT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	37,625
Machinery         113,545         \$544,119,276         \$1,846,062,780         \$10,644,611,515         \$13,034,793,571         \$1           MVT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	51,415
MVT Occupant         2,498,200         \$13,763,057,426         \$22,257,235,570         \$97,781,307,804         \$133,801,600,800         \$5           MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	112,815
MVT Motorcyclist         157,995         \$2,736,135,308         \$5,580,436,675         \$21,245,276,186         \$29,561,848,169         \$1           MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	114,798
MVT Pedal cyclist         53,983         \$527,900,384         \$1,123,476,662         \$5,165,720,968         \$6,817,098,014         \$1           MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	53,559
MVT Pedestrian         137,296         \$2,181,788,505         \$3,548,142,901         \$16,715,035,234         \$22,444,966,640         \$1           MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	187,106
MVT Unspecified         219,970         \$1,053,152,143         \$1,820,906,676         \$9,972,036,013         \$12,846,094,832         \$5           MVT Other         17,891         \$111,877,667         \$248,974,328         \$1,464,181,060         \$1,825,033,055         \$1	126,281
MVT Other 17,891 \$111,877,667 \$248,974,328 \$1,464,181,060 \$1,825,033,055 \$1	163,478
	58,399
Pedal cyclist, other 324,071 \$1,476,820,932 \$3,263,738,075 \$20,108,440,875 \$24,848,999,882 \$7	102,010
	76,678
Pedestrian, other 19,026 \$169,750,289 \$289,186,145 \$1,884,173,134 \$2,343,109,568 \$1	123,153
Transport, other 294,317 \$2,358,186,236 \$5,066,645,020 \$29,023,314,277 \$36,448,145,533 \$1	123,840
Bites and stings 1,234,452 \$2,547,309,358 \$2,869,717,927 \$27,803,209,134 \$33,220,236,419 \$2	26,911
Other natural/environmental 178,925 \$1,168,724,588 \$1,414,612,181 \$6,270,658,638 \$8,853,995,407 \$4	19,484
Overexertion 2,335,656 \$6,555,552,120 \$10,283,916,364 \$65,455,667,267 \$82,295,135,751 \$3	35,234
Poisoning 469,441 \$2,957,904,882 \$836,596,717 \$19,797,098,590 \$23,591,600,189 \$5	50,255
Struck by/against 3,274,620 \$8,646,126,741 \$14,196,566,363 \$142,802,749,122 \$165,645,442,226 \$5	50,585
Suffocation 37,714 \$2,035,124,771 \$572,859,762 \$2,216,460,767 \$4,824,445,300 \$1	127,921
Other spec & classification 1,108,881 \$4,457,686,594 \$4,606,013,305 \$54,204,054,262 \$63,267,754,161 \$5	57,055
Other specified, NEC 679,383 \$2,473,750,166 \$3,703,018,649 \$23,312,983,807 \$29,489,752,622 \$4	13,407
Unspecified 2,116,751 \$9,391,792,223 \$12,521,017,713 \$60,497,266,532 \$82,410,076,468 \$3	38,932
SELF-HARM INJURIES	
Cut/pierce 104,661 \$555,649,912 \$1,526,402,750 \$5,323,753,810 \$7,405,806,472 \$7	70,760
Drowning/submersion 265 \$3,418,777 \$21,334,930 \$76,901,789 \$101,655,496 \$3	383,493
Fall 2377 \$133,419,753 \$216,937,041 \$674,562,123 \$1,024,918,917 \$4	131,271
Fire/flame 1561 \$47,016,669 \$35,395,270 \$354,039,886 \$436,451,826 \$2	279,685
Hot object/substance 178 \$1,007,084 \$2,947,776 \$35,191,197 \$39,146,057 \$2	220,435
Firearm 2686 \$192,070,049 \$336,463,687 \$1,240,360,400 \$1,768,894,136 \$6	558,446
MVT Other 823 \$19,532,106 \$42,591,826 \$153,183,991 \$215,307,923 \$2	261,588
Other natural/environmental 123 \$2,690,121 \$4,270,614 \$13,651,834 \$20,612,569 \$1	167,359
Poisoning 279,444 \$2,061,419,009 \$799,796,068 \$9,522,661,850 \$12,383,876,927 \$4	14,316
Suffocation 9076 \$123,411,128 \$873,402,854 \$2,603,923,204 \$3,600,737,186 \$3	396,752
Other specified & classifiable 1875 \$73,774,938 \$172,400,608 \$544,485,818 \$790,661,364 \$4	121,619
Other specified, NEC 27,623 \$175,461,682 \$411,227,781 \$1,413,948,899 \$2,000,638,362 \$7	72,426
Unspecified 7271 \$34,820,468 \$79,108,294 \$270,489,268 \$384,418,030 \$5	52,869
ASSAULT	
Cut/pierce 73,932 \$491,701,003 \$1,138,106,551 \$5,476,377,890 \$7,106,185,444 \$9	96,118
Drowning/submersion 69 \$642,802 \$1,964,335 \$7,164,047 \$9,771,184 \$1	
Fall 1646 \$12,022,160 \$37,569,063 \$169,630,025 \$219,221,249 \$1	141,881

Table 2 Cost of Hospital-Treated Nonfatal Injuries in the United States by Mechanism, 2013 (2013 United States \$) (Continued)

	Number	Medical	Work Loss	Quality of Life	Total	Total Cost per Injury
Fire/flame	595	\$3,858,466	\$9,261,217	\$69,978,211	\$83,097,894	\$139,678
Hot object/substance	1962	\$15,993,005	\$17,535,750	\$153,556,467	\$187,085,222	\$95,368
Firearm	30,131	\$927,098,739	\$1,530,254,784	\$6,968,840,319	\$9,426,193,842	\$312,844
MVT Occupant	1660	\$6,798,022	\$12,494,180	\$130,515,813	\$149,808,015	\$90,225
Poisoning	1761	\$7,901,485	\$2,498,250	\$92,294,308	\$102,694,043	\$58,317
Struck by/against	611,218	\$2,512,923,350	\$6,795,903,883	\$56,416,139,291	\$65,724,966,524	\$107,531
Suffocation	3006	\$10,208,810	\$27,416,530	\$127,393,050	\$165,018,390	\$54,888
Other specified & classifiable	119,372	\$604,801,671	\$1,005,672,954	\$7,496,925,042	\$9,107,399,667	\$76,294
Other specified, NEC	165,835	\$571,842,316	\$1,014,664,619	\$11,060,805,689	\$12,647,312,624	\$76,265
Unspecified	169,769	\$879,584,274	\$2,260,749,692	\$17,139,072,436	\$20,279,406,402	\$119,453
UNDETERMINED INTENT						
Cut/pierce	3731	\$13,136,329	\$31,468,294	\$124,000,521	\$168,605,144	\$45,196
Drowning/submersion	233	\$912,250	\$8,301,876	\$31,576,211	\$40,790,337	\$175,358
Fall	3950	\$39,802,960	\$99,196,652	\$333,040,805	\$472,040,417	\$119,510
Fire/flame	2913	\$15,518,883	\$31,234,477	\$242,655,585	\$289,408,944	\$99,345
Hot object/substance	595	\$3,699,041	\$7,221,322	\$73,345,138	\$84,265,501	\$141,740
Firearm	4014	\$74,095,787	\$129,846,857	\$546,583,710	\$750,526,354	\$186,991
MVT Other	459	\$3,147,206	\$6,780,905	\$29,228,290	\$39,156,401	\$85,342
Other natural/environmental	2703	\$58,901,837	\$45,949,242	\$145,873,538	\$250,724,617	\$92,761
Poisoning	126,707	\$892,799,765	\$326,704,590	\$5,843,044,484	\$7,062,548,839	\$55,739
Suffocation	267	\$1,684,991	\$9,729,591	\$19,947,053	\$31,361,635	\$117,601
Other specified & classifiable	463	\$4,000,582	\$9,817,663	\$43,121,482	\$56,939,727	\$122,885
Other specified, NEC	14,025	\$64,785,622	\$98,439,086	\$539,613,549	\$702,838,257	\$50,114
Unspecified	76,146	\$313,398,577	\$320,997,827	\$2,566,738,535	\$3,201,134,939	\$42,039
LEGAL INTERVENTION <sup>a</sup>						
Cut/pierce	1449	\$3,102,948	\$6,635,734	\$22,866,321	\$32,605,003	\$22,502
Firearm	1383	\$41,617,599	\$57,218,311	\$234,236,902	\$333,072,812	\$240,832
Poisoning	349	\$645,957	\$336,617	\$13,470,021	\$14,452,595	\$41,469
Struck by/against	41,824	\$127,374,328	\$266,063,345	\$1,325,708,220	\$1,719,145,893	\$41,104
Other specified & classifiable	1174	\$9,406,164	\$8,221,940	\$41,502,028	\$59,130,132	\$50,375
Other specified, NEC	121	\$1,064,568	\$2,915,549	\$9,994,667	\$13,974,784	\$115,142
Unspecified	6937	\$20,238,437	\$42,810,948	\$214,315,994	\$277,365,380	\$39,984
UNSPECIFIED INTENT						
Drowning/submersion	443	\$27,326,952	\$54,731,485	\$204,710,316	\$286,768,754	\$646,970
Other natural/environmental	49,694	\$686,083,672	\$522,349,852	\$2,757,831,073	\$3,966,264,597	\$79,814
Poisoning	81,013	\$677,091,885	\$163,997,422	\$4,002,093,054	\$4,843,182,361	\$59,783
Suffocation	28,327	\$1,760,326,274	\$379,312,268	\$1,302,485,774	\$3,442,124,316	\$121,514
Other specified & classifiable	57,020	\$351,856,081	\$246,844,436	\$698,824,829	\$1,297,525,346	\$22,756
Unspecified	2,499,592	\$18,048,042,991	\$24,246,394,615	\$139,111,309,043	\$181,405,746,649	\$72,574

MVT Motor vehicle traffic

NEC Not elsewhere classifiable

<sup>\*</sup>Deaths due to injuries inflicted by police or other law enforcement agents

includes hospital and professional services, emergency transport, rehabilitation, prescriptions, home health care, and medical equipment. Lost future work includes future value of work that patients would be unable to do if they were killed or permanently disabled. Future costs were stated in present value using a 3% discount rate. (Lawrence and Miller 2014). We valued quality of life lost with a widely published value of \$152,733 per quality-adjusted life year, net of work loss (Miller and Hendrie, 2013). We used the same value per QALY of present-value life expectancy for all people. Because life-expectancy varies by age and sex, the total QALY loss to a death or permanently disabling injury also does.

#### **Results**

#### Incidence

A total of 31,038,072 nonfatal injury-related hospitalizations and ED visits were identified in 2013 (Table 1). This represents 9.8 per 100 people.

#### Costs

Hospital-treated nonfatal injuries in 2013 cost an estimated \$1.853 trillion, including \$168 billion in medical spending, \$223 billion in work losses, and quality of life losses valued at \$1.461 trillion (Table 1). The total estimated cost per injury was approximately \$59,700, including approximately \$5400 in medical spending, \$7200 in lost future work and \$47,100 in quality of life losses. The total costs per injury were highest for the oldest and youngest age groups; individuals < 1 year old (\$97,623) and 65 years and older (\$71,493). Total cost per injury was slightly higher for those with Medicare and Medicaid versus those with commercial insurance or other payer types. While 91.5% of patients with injuries were discharged, this represented only 8.8% of costs. In contrast, the 8.5% of patients admitted represented 91.2% of costs.

Falls and struck by/against injuries contributed to 35% of nonfatal injury costs (Table 2) and were the leading causes in all age groups (results not shown). The most severe and debilitating injuries will result in higher costs. Among hospital-treated nonfatal injuries, near-drownings, self-harm, and firearm-related violence are the most costly. The external cause of injury was not coded for cases accounting for 9% of total injury costs.

#### **Discussion**

Approximately one in 10 individuals in the United States is injured each year are treated in a hospital, with high corresponding costs. Our calculated rate of 9.8 injuries per 100 people in 2013 is nearly half that of the 18.135 injuries per 100 population estimate by Corso et al. based on data from 2000. (Corso et al. 2006) While a prior study of US spending on personal health care

found that injuries accounted for \$168 billion (8%) of the \$2.1 trillion in medical spending in 2013, our comprehensive injury medical spending estimate exceeds that, even while excluding the 12 million injuries treated in physician's offices and clinics. (Dieleman et al. 2016) Limitations of the study include the absence of outpatient and ambulatory data, as well as the possibility of misclassification based on ICD codes.

These cost data from 2013 support priority-setting and selection of interventions to reduce the burden of injury in the United States.

#### **Abbreviations**

ED: Emergency department; HCUP: Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project; MVT: Motor vehicle traffic; NEC: Not otherwise classifiable

#### Fundina

Dr. Zonfrillo was supported by the National Institutes of Health, Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, grant 5K08HD073241.

#### Availability of data and materials

Please contact author for data requests.

#### Authors' contributions

This study was designed by MRZ, RSS, and TRM. Data analysis and collection was done, or supervised, by MRZ, RSS, BAL, TRM. Data interpretation and manuscript preparation were done by MRZ, RSS, BAL, TRM. All authors made significant contributions to drafting and critical revision of the manuscript and approved the final version.

#### Ethics approval and consent to participate

The study was not human subjects research and was exempt from review. Consent to participate not applicable.

#### Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no competing interests.

## **Publisher's Note**

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

### **Author details**

<sup>1</sup>Hasbro Children's Hospital and Alpert Medical School of Brown University, Providence, RI, USA. <sup>2</sup>Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation, Calverton, MD, USA. <sup>3</sup>Curtin University School of Public Health, Perth, Australia. <sup>4</sup>Department of Emergency Medicine, Alpert Medical School at Brown University, 55 Claverick St., 2nd floor, Providence, RI 02903, USA.

Received: 12 June 2018 Accepted: 14 September 2018 Published online: 08 October 2018

#### References

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ). Nationwide Emergency Department Sample (NEDS). Healthcare Cost and Utilization project (HCUP). http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/nedsoverview.jsp. Accessed 15 Nov 2017.

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)a. Nationwide Inpatient Sample (NIS). Healthcare Cost and Utilization project (HCUP). http://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/nisoverview.jsp. Accessed 15 Nov 2017.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). National Center for Health Statistics: ICD-9 Framework for presenting injury mortality data. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/injury/ice/matrix.htm. Accessed 15 Nov 2017.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). External cause-of-injury mortality matrix based on ICD–9 external cause of injury codes. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/injury/ice/matrix.htm. Accessed15 Nov 2017.

Corso P, Finkelstein E, Miller T, Fiebelkorn I, Zaloshnja E. Incidence and lifetime costs of injuries in the United States. Inj Prev. 2006 Aug;12(4):212–8.

- Danseco ER, Miller TR, Spicer RS. Incidence and costs of 1987-1994 childhood injuries: demographic breakdowns. Pediatrics. 2000 Feb;105(2):E27.
- Dieleman JL, Baral R, Birger M, et al. US spending on personal health care and public health, 1996-2013. JAMA. 2016;316(24):2627–46.
- Lawrence BA, Miller TR. Medical and work loss cost estimation methods for the WISQARS cost of injury module, final report to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2014. http://www.pire.org/documents/WisgarsCostMethods.pdf. Accessed 15 Nov 2017.
- Lawrence BA, Spicer RS, Miller TR. A fresh look at the costs of non-fatal consumer product injuries. Inj Prev. 2015;21(1):23–9. https://doi.org/10.1136/injuryprev-2014-041220 Epub 2014 Aug 1.
- Miller TR, Hendrie D. Economic evaluation of public health Laws and their enforcement. In: A Wagenaar AC, Burris S, editors. Public health law research: theory and methods. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass; 2013. p. 347–78.
- Miller TR, Romano EO, Spicer RS. The cost of childhood unintentional injuries and the value of prevention. Future child. Spring-Summer. 2000;10(1):137–63.
- Roy S, Smith M, Coben J, Helmkamp J. Utilization and costs of injury-related acute care services among children and adolescents in a state Medicaid program. Matern Child Health J. 2008;12(5):641–9 Epub 2007 Oct 24.
- Spicer RS, Miller TR, Hendrie D, Blincoe LJ. Quality-adjusted life years lost to road crash injury: updating the injury impairment index. Ann Adv Automot Med. 2011;55:365–77.
- Zaloshnja E, Miller TR, Lawrence B. Incidence and cost of injury among youth in agricultural settings, United States, 2001-2006. Pediatrics. 2012;129(4):728–34. https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2011-2512 Epub 2012 Mar 12.

# Submit your manuscript to a SpringerOpen journal and benefit from:

- ► Convenient online submission
- ► Rigorous peer review
- ▶ Open access: articles freely available online
- ► High visibility within the field
- ► Retaining the copyright to your article

Submit your next manuscript at ▶ springeropen.com